

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Math Station Contract: Measurement (4<sup>th</sup>)

Activity	Date	Points	What I Learned
<b>1. How Many Triangles Does it Take:</b> Students will explore the area of geometric designs by counting the number of triangles it takes to cover a design they have built using pattern block (trapezoids, hexagons, blue rhombi, and green triangles).			
<b>2. Dream Bedroom:</b> Students will design a dream bedroom. They will identify the area of several items of furniture in addition to the area of their room in square feet.			
<b>3. Paper Areas:</b> Students will estimate and measure a variety of paper rectangles to determine the total number of square inches.			
<b>4. Classroom Dimensions:</b> Students will find rectangular items in the classroom and measure their dimensions and then use them to calculate the area.			
<b>5. Foot Race:</b> Students will trace around their shoe on a centimeter grid sheet, enclose in a rectangle to calculate area and then subtract the parts outside to find a close estimate of their shoe.			
<b>6. Geoboard Shapes:</b> Students will create irregular shapes on a geoboard, enclose the shape inside a rectangle and use the subtraction method to determine the area of the irregular shape.			
<b>7. Tangram Areas:</b> Students will investigate outlines of shapes made with tangram pieces to put them in order from smallest to biggest area.			
<b>8. Perimeter to Area:</b> Students are given a length of string that measures 36 inches. Their job is to find all the different rectangles they can make with this perimeter and determine which one has the largest area.			
<b>9. Area Comparison:</b> Students are given pairs of rectangles cut from paper and a ruler. Their job is to find out whether the pairs are equal or which one has the greater area.			
<b>10. Area to Perimeter:</b> Students are given 24 tiles. Their job is to explore all the possible shapes that can be made to find which arrangement will result in the largest perimeter.			